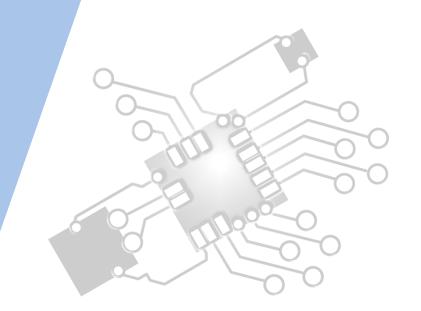


# Data transmission

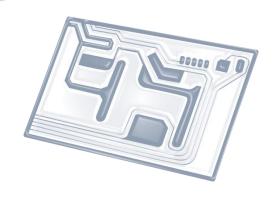
**IB Computer Science** 







## **HL Topics 1-7, D1-4**





1: System design



2: Computer Organisation



3: Networks



4: Computational thinking



5: Abstract data structures



6: Resource management



7: Control



D: OOP



### **HL & SL 3 Overview**

#### **Network fundamentals**

- 3.1.1 Identify different types of networks
- 3.1.2 Outline the importance of standards in the construction of networks
- 3.1.3 Describe how communication over networks is broken down into different layers
- 3.1.4 Identify the technologies required to provide a VPN
- 3.1.5 Evaluate the use of a VPN

#### **Data transmission**

- 3.1.6 Define the terms: protocol, data packet
- 3.1.7 Explain why protocols are necessary
- 3.1.8 Explain why the speed of data transmission across a network can vary
- 3.1.9 Explain why compression of data is often necessary when transmitting across a network
- 3.1.10 Outline the characteristics of different transmission media
- 3.1.11 Explain how data is transmitted by packet switching

#### Wireless networking

- 3.1.12 Outline the advantages and disadvantages of wireless networks
- 3.1.13 Describe the hardware and software components of a wireless network
- 3.1.14 Describe the characteristics of wireless networks
- 3.1.15 Describe the different methods of network security
- 3.1.16 Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of each method of network security



1: System design

2: Computer Organisation





3: Networks

4: Computational thinking





5: Abstract data structures

6: Resource management



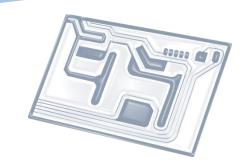


7: Control

D: OOP







## **Topic 3.1.9**

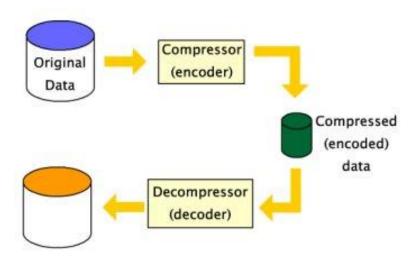
Explain why compression of data is often necessary when transmitting across a network





### **Definition: Compression**

Data compression involves encoding information to use fewer bits than the original data entity.



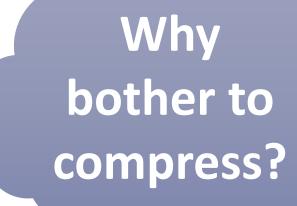


### **Key concept: Time!**

- The **smaller** we can compress data, the **more** data we can send in the same amount of time.
- The consequence of this is that data can be disseminated more rapidly.







**Backups/archiving** 

Encryption/ protection

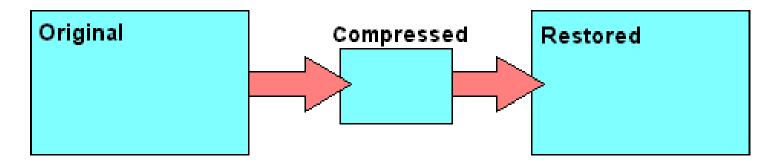
File transfer

Media file transfer over the web

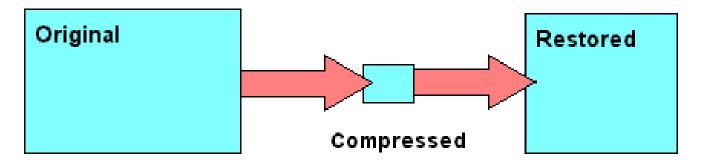


### **Lossless vs Lossy Compression**

#### LOSSLESS



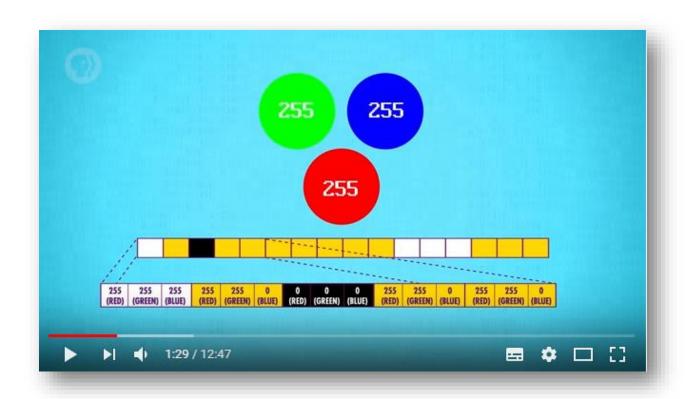
#### LOSSY



http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2Qo5prktYNQ



### **Video: Compression**



Link (YouTube): <a href="https://youtu.be/OtDxDvCpPL4">https://youtu.be/OtDxDvCpPL4</a>